

GRYLLUS CRISTATUS.



CHARACTER GENERICUS.

Caput inflexum, maxillosum, palpis instructum.

Antennæ setaceæ, seu filiformes.

Alæ quatuor, deflexæ, convolutæ: inferiores plicatæ.

Pedes postici saltatorii. *Ungues* ubique bini.

Lin. Syst Nat. p. 693.

CHARACTER SPECIFICUS, &c.

GRYLLUS MAGNUS, corpore rufo, thorace cristato, carina quadrifida, alis variegatis apice fuscis.

GRYLLUS thorace cristato, carina quadrifida.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 699.

GRYLLUS ex ÆGYPTO.

Olear. mus. t. 17. f. 5.

GRYLLUS ARABICUS.

Hasselq. it. 413.

LOCUSTA INDICA.

Roes 2. t. 5.

Cum de Gryllo, migratorio Linnæi in hoc opere differemus, speciem longe majorem memoravimus, in variis Orientis regionibus cum reliquis sui generis pro cibo sumi solitam. Hanc ipsam magnitudine naturali jam depinximus. Color imus fusco-viridis, interdum ruber, maculis notisque tenebriosis variatus. Crura tantum non rubra. Alæ inferiores in nonnullis speciminibus rubent, in aliis fusco-pallent, maculis multis sagittatis viridibus vel nigricantibus, notatæ.



THE
EGYPTIAN LOCUST.



GENERIC CHARACTER.

Head inflected, armed with jaws, and furnished with palpi or feelers.

Antennæ either setaceous or filiform.

Wings four, deflected, convolute; the lower ones plaited.

Hind-Foot formed for leaping. *Claws* on all the feet double.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER, &c.

GREAT RED or BROWN LOCUST, with crested thorax and variegated wings.

The GREAT ARABIAN LOCUST.

The EGYPTIAN LOCUST.

In the description of the *Gryllus migratorius*, or wandering locust, described in a former number of the present work, I mentioned a species of far superior magnitude, which, together with others of the genus, is frequently used as an article of food in
the

the Eastern nations. This species is now represented in its natural size. Its general color is a brownish green, sometimes red, varied with dusky spots and marks: the legs incline much to red: the under wings are in some specimens reddish; in others of a pale brown, with numerous arrow-shaped blackish or greenish spots.